Mineral	Nova Scotia	New Bruns- wick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Clay Products and Other Structural Materials— concluded						-	-1-1-1	
OTHER STRUCTURAL MATERIALS								
Cementbbl.	-	-	3,027,759			-	377,846	
Lime*ton	14,781	18,675	4,035,294 161,112	302,259	773,363 20,032	- !	744,357 12,499	520,426 22,85
\$ 1	129,511	151.898	983,072				108,632	197,259
Sand and ton gravel.	2,139,427 1,225,827	3,373,303 1,363,051	10,050,985 2,703,032			1,913,995 408,199	817,168 619,105	
Stone ton	49.835	75,409				400,133	3.048	
\$	133,917		3,323,599			_	14,280	
Totals, Other			-					***
Structural Materials\$	1,489,255	1,781,056	11,044,997	10,510,056	1,567,905	408, 199	1,486,374	1,923,68
Totals, Clay Products and Other Structural Materials	1,829,207	1 011 641	19 319 773	12.856.694	1,646,797	556,973	1,947,453	2,294,82

6.—Detailed Mineral Production of Canada, by Provinces, 1939—concluded

3,949,433 77,335,998 232,519,948 17,137,930 8,794,090 30,691,617 65,216,745

Section 3.—Industrial Statistics of Mines and Minerals— Capital, Labour, Wages, etc., in the Mineral Industries

Annual statistical reports on the mineral production of Canada have been published for many years, first by the Geological Survey, later by the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines and, since 1921, by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Prior to that year the annual statistics of mines were confined chiefly to a presentation of the quantity production of each of the minerals and their value at average market prices for the year. The scope of the statistics now includes a general review of the principal mineral industries, such as the copper-gold, silver-lead-zinc, and nickel-copper industries, as well as a section on metallurgical works. Additional data published at irregular intervals, include such features as capital employed, numbers of employees, wages and salaries paid, and net value of sales.

The figures for "net income from sales" of industries given in Tables 7 and 8 are those reported by the operators, and are in each case the settlements received for shipments by producers and the additional values obtained when the smelting of ores is completed in Canada. The totals indicate more nearly the actual returns to the different industries than do the values for the minerals in Table 2 of this

¹ Arsenic recovered from gold ores but not sold or shipped.

² Current values in Canadian funds.

³ See headnote to this table.

⁴ Data not available.

⁵ Includes some talc.

⁶ Sulphur content of pyrites shipped and estimated sulphur contained in sulphuric acid and elemental sulphur made from waste smelter gases.

⁷ Includes crucibles.

⁸ Includes relatively large quantities used as chemicals.